#### Prelim EXAMINATION (summer 2022)

### YEAR: - IV B.H.M.S. (2015 batch)

#### MCQ

Marks 20

Sub: - Medicine – I

Time: 20 mins.

(1x20=20)

Instructions: -.

1) All questions are compulsory

2) select only one correct option out of 4 distractors

3) erasing or overwriting or selecting more than 1 correct answer will be considered as wrong answer

4) Do not write anything on the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.

5) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question Paper pattern is a mere guideline.

Questions can be asked from paper-I syllabus to Paper-II and vice versa. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As It is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.

6) use only Black Ball point pen for solving MCQs

#### Section-As

#### **Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions**

- 1. Aetiology of Hemoptysis include all of the following conditions EXCEPT
  - a. Ca bronchus b. Goodpasture`s syndrome
  - c. Pulmonary tuberculosis d. Mallory Weiss tear
- 2. Which of the following condition is caused due to Allergens?
  - a. Bronchial asthma b. Bronchiectasis
    - c. Mesothelioma of pleura d. Pulmonary infarction
- 3. Aetiology of Exudative Pleural Effusion include all of the following conditions EXCEPT
  - a. Rheumatoid disease b. Pulmonary tuberculosis
  - c. Cardiac failure d. Malignant lung disease.
- 4. Aetiology of bronchiectasis include all of the following conditions EXCEPT
  - a. Cystic fibrosis b.Ciliary dysfunction
  - c. Primary hypogammaglobulinemia d.Cardiac tamponade
- 5. Dry, sibiliant cough like a saw driven through a pine board, is the characteristic feature
  - of which of the following remedies
  - a. Hepar sulph b. Spongia tosta c. Arnica Montana d. Kali carb
- 6. During asthmatic attack, patient is unable to lie down for fear of suffocation is the
  - characteristic feature of which of the following remedies
    - a. Psorinum b. Arsenic album c. Aconite d. Bryonia alba
- 7. Profuse watery acrid nasal discharge with profuse bland lachrymation is the

characteristic feature of which of the following remedies

- a. Allium cepa b. Euphrasia c. Borax d. Pulsatilla
- 8. "Periodic " pain is commonly seen in which of the following condition?
  - a. Duodenal ulcer b. Gastric ulcer c. Acute Gastritis d. chronic gastritis

- 9. Which of the following is the indications of colonoscopy?
  - a. Unexplained rectal bleeding b. Peritonitis
- c. Pregnancy d.Suspected intestinal perforation
- 10. Following are the causes of Pancreatitis EXCEPT
  - a. Gallstones b.Alcohol c. Mumps d. Local GI bleed
- 11. Stools-Green like Chopped spinach, very offensive with shreddy mucus &

distention of abdomen is a key symptom of which of the following remedy

a.Argentum Nitricum b. Aurum met c. Apis Melifica d. Sulphur

- 12. Sensation as if the anus remained open is a characteristic feature of which of the following remedy?
- a. Mer Cor b. Phosphorus c. Murex d. Sulphur
- 13. Following are the causes of obstructive jaundice EXCEPT
  - a. Primary biliary cirrhosis b. Cholelithiasis c. Chronic right heart failure d. Viral hepatitis
- 14. Mode of transmission of Hepatitis A & E is?
- a.Blood products b.Sexual contact c. Faeco- oral d. Transplacental
- 15. Cholelithiasis with sharp pain in liver, shooting upwards to right nipple which is better by bending backwards

a. Calcarea Carbonica b. Dioscorea Villosa c. Graphites d.Nux Vomica

- 16. Which of the following chromosomal anomaly is seen in Down's syndrome
- a. Trisomy18 b. Trisomy13 c. Trisomy 21 d. 45xo
- 17. Following are the features of severe hypothermia EXCEPT
- a. Muscle stiffness b. Failed vasoconstriction c. Dehydration d. Bradycardia
- 18. Following are the causes of metabolic acidosis EXCEPT?
  - a.Renal Failure b. Primary Hyperaldosteronism c. Diabeticketoacidosis d.Diarrhea
- 19. Following are the causes of Hyponatremia EXCEPT

a.Burns b.Vomiting c. Diarrhea d. Excessive sweating

20. The natural form of Vitamin D is called as?

a. Calciferol b. Cholecalciferol c. Tocopherol d. None of the above

#### Prelim EXAMINATION (summer 2022)

#### YEAR: - IV B.H.M.S. (2015)

### Marks 80 Sub: - Medicine – I Time: 160 mins

Instructions: - .

1) All Questions are to be solved.

2) The number to the right indicates full marks.

3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

4) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
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### Section B (SAQ & LAQ)

Q.2	Write short answers of the following: (any 4)	(4 X 5 = 20 )
	a) Frost bite	
	b) Acute Gastroenteritis	
	c) Cystic Fibrosis	
	d) Describe cell-mediated immunity	
	e) Dyspnoea	
	f) Wilson's disease	
Q.3	Write Short notes on: (any 4)	(4 X 5 = 20 )
	a) Heat Stroke-Natrum Carb	
	b) Acute gastroenteritis-Nux Vomica	
	c) Acute Abdomen-colocynths	
	d) Laryngitis-Argentum Met	
	e) Acute Respiratory Distress-Aconite	
	f) Acute Bronchitis-Kali Bich	
Q.4	Write long answers: (any 2)	(2 X 10 = 20 )
	a) Describe in detail about aetiology, Pathology, Clinical features and	investigations of chronic
	Bronchitis add a note on Droscera&Corallium rub	-
	b) Describe in detail about aetiology, Pathology, Clinical features and	investigations of chronic
	Henatitis, add a note on Cardus Mar & Nat sulph	5

Hepatitis, add a note on Cardus Mar &Nat sulph.

c) Describe inflammatory bowel disease, add a note on Arsenic Alb & Nux Vom

d) Describe peptic ulcer, add a note on Arsenic album &Carbo Veg.

#### Long answer Question any 1 from Q. no.5, 6, and 7

Q.5 Describe Community acquired Pneumonia Under its pathogenesis, clinical features and investigations & add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation of and chronic therapeutic.

 $(1 \times 20 = 20)$ 

- Q.6 Describe Anorexia Nervosa Under its pathogenesis, clinical features and investigations & add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation of and chronic therapeutic.
- Q.7 Describe cholelithiasis under aetiology, clinical features, investigations, complications & add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation of and chronic therapeutic.

#### Prelim EXAMINATION summer 2022

(1x20=20)

#### YEAR: - IV B.H.M.S. (2015)

#### MCQ

#### Instructions: -.

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#### Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions

- Which of the following condition is caused due to deficiency of Thiamine?
   a.Pellagra
   b. Beriberi
   c. Xeropthalmia
   d. Scaly dermatitis
- 2. Prolonged Prothrombin time is observed in which of the following deficiencies?

a. Vitamin C b. Vitamin E c. Vitamin K d. Vitamin A

- 3. Polyuria, Polyphagia and Polydipsia are clinical features of
  - a. Hypoglycemia b. Diabetes Mellitus c.Nephrotic Syndrome d.Urinary Tract Infection
- 4. Anaemia resulting from defective assimilation is a symptom of which of the remedy?
  - a. Silicea b.Medorrhinum c. Natrum Phos d.Tuberculinum
- 5. Emaciation, progressing every year, most marked in lower extremities, marasmus with

desire for sugar is keynote indication of which remedy?

- a. Bryonia b.Arg nit c.Phosphorus d. Nat mur
- 6. Following are the features of Acute Nephritic syndrome EXCEPT?

a. Proteinuria b. oliguria c. Hematuria d. Hypertension

- 7. Anuria means urine passed per 24 hrs less than?
  - a. 200ml b.100ml c.50ml d.10ml

8. Ascending paralysis with elevated levels of proteins in CSF is suggestive of which of the

following clinical condition?

- a. Multiple sclerosis b.Guillain barre syndrome c. Poliomyelitis d.Peripheral neuropathy
- 9. Dysuria, must sit bent backwards is a feature of which of the following remedy?

- a. Belladonna b.Causticum c.Sepia d.Zincum Met
- 10. Dull heavy occipital headache with heaviness of eyelids >compression and profuse urination
  - is an indication of which of the following remedy?
  - a. Silicea b. Gelsemium c.Natrum mur d.Bryonia
- 11. Following are the diagnostic criteria for RA EXCEPT
  - a. Symmetrical arthritis b. Duration of less than 3 weeks
  - c.arthritis of hand joint d.arthritis of 3 or more joint
- 12. Which of the following characteristics does not apply to eruptions in Lichen Planus?
  - a. Flat-Topped b. Violaceous c.Pleomorphic d.Polygonal
- 13. Which of the following is a complication of Typhoid Fever?
  - a. Perforation b. Hemorrhage c. Meningitis d. All of the above
- 14. Which of the following is the most indicated remedy for Measles?
- a. Pulsatilla b. Moschus c. Coffea Cruda d. Nux Moschata
- 15. Dribbling of urine with weakness in old men is a key feature of which of the following remedy?
- a. Sarsaparilla b. Staphysagria c. Apocynum d. Nux Vom
- 16. Following are the clinical features of Cushing's Syndrome EXCEPT
  - a.Moon Face b.Buffalo Hump c. Prognathism d. Violaceous Striae
- 17. As per WHO classification of overweight the normal BMI should be
- a. 18.5 to 24.9 b. less than 18.5 c. 25 to 29.9 d. 30 to 34.9
- 18 Which one of the following is the sign of aortic stenosis
- a. Ejection systolic murmur b. Atrial flutter c. Mid-Diastolic murmur d. Soft S1
- 19. Audible palpitations with fear, cold sweat, lachrymation, loud breathing is seen in which of the following remedy?
  - a.Lithium carb b. Phosphoric acid c. Ammonium carb. d. Nux Vom.
- 20. Heart feels too large, Sensation of heart swimming in water is a key feature of which of the following remedy?
  - a. Iodum b. Bromium c. Bufo rana d. Hepar sulph

#### Prelim EXAMINATION summer 2022

#### IV B.H.M.S. (2015 batch)

Marks 80	Sub: - Medicine – II	Time: 160 mins

Instructions: - .

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3) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.

4) Do not write anything on the blank portion of the question paper. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.

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the distribution has been done.

### Section B (SAQ & LAQ)

Q.2	<ul> <li>Write short answers of the following (any 4)</li> <li>a) Ventricular septal defect.</li> <li>b) Nephrotic syndrome.</li> <li>c) Osteoporosis</li> <li>d) Furuncle</li> <li>e) Obsessive compulsive disorder</li> <li>f) status epilepticus</li> </ul>	(5 X 4 = 20)
Q.3	<ul> <li>Write in detail about (any 4)</li> <li>a) Diabetes mellitus- Natrum mur&amp; Nitric acid</li> <li>b) Nephrotic Syndrome-Apis mel &amp; Kali carb</li> <li>c) Nettle Rash-Rhus tox &amp; sulphur</li> <li>d) Gout-Benzoic acid &amp; urtica urens</li> <li>e) peritonsillar abscess-Hepar sulph&amp;Silicea</li> <li>f) Low backache-Cal Phos &amp; colchicum</li> </ul>	(5 X 4 = 20) (10x2=20)
	Writelong answer Question (any 2 out of 4)	(10x2=20)

- **Q.4** a) Describe urinary tract infection in details add a note on Apis mel & Cantharis
  - b) Describe Benign Hypertrophy of prostrate in details add a note on sabal serrulata & Thuja
  - c) Describe Parotitis in details add a note on Belladonna & Merc sol.
  - d) Describe Hypertrophic scar in details add a note on Fluoric acid & Graphites.

### Writelong answer Question (any 1 from Q.no.5, 6 & 7) (1 X 20 = 20)

- **Q.5** Describe Epilepsy in detail & add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation of Homoeopathy and chronic therapeutic.
- **Q.6** Describe in detail about Thalassemia& add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation and Chronic therapeutic.
- **Q.7** Describe Thyrotoxicosisin details & add a note on homeopathic scope and limitation and Chronic therapeutic.

# SNJB'S Smt. K.B. Abad Homoeopathic Medical College

# Shri R. P. Chordiya Hospital & Bhamashah, Shri V. D. Mehta Dev- Vijay P.G. Institute of

Homoeopathy & Research Centre, Neminagar, Chandwad Dist. Nashik - 423101

# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, Summer 2022

100	Sub: Cor	nmunity Me	edicine	TIME 3Hrs.
Instructions:	1) Use <b>blue/black</b> ball point pen o	only		
	2) <b>Do not</b> write anything or	-	f the question	
	<b>paper.</b> If written anything, considered as an attempt to			
	3) <b>All</b> questions are <b>compu</b>	-	<i>IIIS.</i>	
	4)The number to the <b>right</b> i	-		
	5) <b>Draw</b> diagrams <b>whereve</b> 6) Distribution of syllabus (	-	y meant to cover entire syllabus w	ithin the stipulated frame. The question
				to any question paper. Students canno
	-	syllabus. As it is only	for the placement sake, the distrib	
O.1. Multiple choi	ce questions			(20x1=20)
1. Tip of Iceberg	denotes			
a.Carrier	b. Subclinical cas	es c.	Clinical Cases	d. Undiagnosed case
2. Case control st	tudies are			
a. Prospective st	udy b. Retrospective	study c.	Cross-sectional study	d. None of the above
3. The period bet	tween the entry of o	rganism in th	e host and appearand	ce of first signs and
symptoms is calle	ed:			
a. Period of com	municability b. I	ncubation Pe	eriod c. Latent Period	d d. Prepatent Period
4. Which of the f	ollowing is not a live	attenuated v	vaccine	
a. BCG	b. OPV	c. Measle	es	d. Pertussis
5. 'Physical quali	ty of Life' index cons	olidates follo	wing three indicators	except
a Infant mortalit	y rate b. Life expec	tancy at age	ono e Litoraev rato	d Maternal mortality rate
a. mant mortain	·/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		one cliteracy rate	u.ivialernai mortanty rati
	e of infection of polic		one cliteracy rate	
	e of infection of polic	o affects:	Alimentary system	d. none of the above
6. Secondary site a. nervous syster	e of infection of polic	o affects:		
6. Secondary site a. nervous syster	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy	o affects: stem c.		d. none of the above
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous system</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents	o affects: stem c. c. Dehydi	Alimentary system	
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous system</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps	o affects: stem c. c. Dehydi	Alimentary system ration & mortality	d. none of the above d. None of the above
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous system</li> <li>Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps narthropod viral dise	c. Dehydrase is c. Dengue	Alimentary system ration & mortality e	d. none of the above
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous system</li> <li>Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever	c. Dehydrase is c. Dengue	Alimentary system ration & mortality e	d. none of the above d. None of the above
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>Oral rehydration</li> <li>infection</li> <li>Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born	c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengue ase is c. Dengue parasitic dise c. Polio	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is?	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>Oral rehydration</li> <li>infection</li> <li>Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue	o affects: stem c. c. Dehyda ase is c. Dengua parasitic disa c. Polio mplication of	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles:	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>9. The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> <li>10. Which of the</li> <li>a. Diarrhoea</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co	o affects: stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic dise c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles:	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>9. The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> <li>10. Which of the</li> <li>a. Diarrhoea</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co b. Reye's syndrom	o affects: stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic dise c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles: nonia	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>9. The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> <li>10. Which of the</li> <li>a. Diarrhoea</li> <li>11. Vaccine cont</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co b. Reye's syndrom raindicated during pr b. OPV	c. Dehydr stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic disc c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum regnancy is:	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles: nonia	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies d. Otitis Media
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>9. The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> <li>10. Which of the</li> <li>a. Diarrhoea</li> <li>11. Vaccine control</li> <li>a. Rubella</li> <li>12. DOTS Stands</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co b. Reye's syndrom raindicated during pr b. OPV	c. Dehydr stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic dise c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum regnancy is: c. Tetanu	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles: nonia	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies d. Otitis Media
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>7. Oral rehydration</li> <li>a. infection</li> <li>8. Most common</li> <li>a. Rabies</li> <li>9. The most common</li> <li>a. Malaria</li> <li>10. Which of the</li> <li>a. Diarrhoea</li> <li>11. Vaccine control</li> <li>a. Rubella</li> <li>12. DOTS Stands</li> <li>a. Direct observer</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co b. Reye's syndrom raindicated during pr b. OPV for –	o affects: stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic disc c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum regnancy is: c. Tetanu	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles: nonia s b. Direct observe	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies d. Otitis Media d. Influenza
<ol> <li>Secondary site</li> <li>a. nervous syster</li> <li>Oral rehydration</li> <li>infection</li> <li>Most common</li> <li>Rabies</li> <li>The most common</li> <li>Malaria</li> <li>Which of the</li> <li>Diarrhoea</li> <li>Vaccine contration</li> <li>Rubella</li> <li>Dorts Stands</li> <li>Direct observer</li> <li>C. Domestic approximation</li> </ol>	e of infection of polic m b. Respiratory sy on therapy prevents b. cramps n arthropod viral dise b. Yellow fever mon arthropod born b. Dengue following is not a co b. Reye's syndrom raindicated during pr b. OPV for – ed therapy short cour	c. Dehydr stem c. c. Dehydr ase is c. Dengur parasitic dise c. Polio mplication of me c. Pneum regnancy is: c. Tetanu	Alimentary system ration & mortality e ease is? f Measles: nonia s b. Direct observe	d. none of the above d. None of the above d. Japanese Encepha d. Rabies d. Otitis Media d. Influenza

14. Primordial Prevention in Hypertension are all except –							
a. Maintenance	of normal body weight	b. Increase Salt int	take				
c. Change in lifes	style	d. Screening for h	ypertension				
15. All are conventiona	l contraceptive except:						
a. Condom	b. Diaphragm	c. IUCD	d. Spermicide Jelly				
16. Keeping the baby's	crib by the side of mother's b	ed is called as:					
a. Domiciliarycare	b. Rooming out	c. Rooming in	d. Baby care				
17. Earliest clinical sign	of vitamin C is						
a. Weakness & easy bru	uising b. Corneal xerosis	c. Brittle bones	d. Bitot's spots				
18. Pneumoconiosis is o	caused by all <b>excep</b> t:						
a. Coal dust	b. Asbestos	c. Chromium	d. Silica				
19. Measles vaccine is r	19. Measles vaccine is not given before						
a. One year	b. Two year	c. Six months	d. Nine months				
20. Which campaign is	being promoted by UNICEF fo	or Child health revolu	ition				
a. UNDP	b. MODI	c. GOBI	d. ILO				

Q.2 Write Short Notes	(Any-4)	(4x5=20)
a. Spectrum of Health	b. Modes of Intervention	
c. OPV	d. Warning signs of Cancer	
e. LBW	f. Sources of health Information	
Q. 3Write Short Notes	(Any-4)	(4x5=20)
a. Cohort Study	b. WHO	
c.Dog bite treatment	d. Vitamin D	
e. Water-borne diseases	f. PHC functions	
Q.4 Long answer question	(Any-1)	(2x10=20)

a. Describe epidemiology of Accidents with its causes, types, treatment and control.

b. Describe **Air Pollution** with its causes, effects and control measures.

c. Write in detail Role of Homoeopathy in Community Medicine.

Long answer question (Any one from Q5, Q6, Q7) (1x20=20)

**Q. 5** Write in detail epidemiology of **Malaria** with clinical features, diagnosis, complications & control of it.

**Q.6** Define **Family Planning** and write in detail about **IUCD**. Add a note of natural methods of contraception.

**Q.7** Write what is**MCH** with emphasis on **Infant mortality rate**. Write a note on Breast feeding.

# SNJB'S Smt. K.B. Abad Homoeopathic Medical College

### Shri R. P. Chordiya Hospital & Bhamashah, Shri V. D. Mehta Dev- Vijay P.G. Institute of

Homoeopathy & Research Centre, Neminagar, Chandwad Dist. Nashik - 423101

### PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, Summer 2022

MARKS 100	Sub: Organon of Medicine	& Hom.Philosophy	Paper I	TII 3H
Instructions: 1) L	Jse <b>blue/black</b> ball point pen only			
,	2) <b>Do not</b> write anything on the <b>blank p</b>	ortion of the question		
	<b>paper.</b> If written anything, such type of			
	<ul><li>considered as an attempt to resort to un</li><li>3) All questions are compulsory</li></ul>	fair means.		
	4)The number to the <b>right</b> indicates <b>full</b>	marks.		
	<ul><li>5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.</li><li>6) Distribution of syllabus Question Paper</li></ul>	ar is only magnt to cover an	tire sullabus within the stinulated fre	me The question Ba
	pattern is a mere guideline. Question			
	that the Question is out of syllabus. As i	t is only for the placement so	ake, the distribution has been done.	
O.1. Multiple choice	questions			( <b>20x1=20</b> )
Q. 1Prejudices may le	ad to			
a) Correct Prescription	b)Wrong Prescription	n c) Both	d) None	
Q. 2. Aphorism descri	bes 'how homoeopathic cure t	akes place' is		
a) 27	b) 28	c) 29	d) 30	
Q. 3. 'Homoeopathy c	an remove symptoms, but the	disease remains' – i	s a statement of	
a) Hippocrates	b) Kent	c) Hufeland	d) Kent	
Q. 4. When two dissim	nilar diseases meet together th	ere is possibility exc	cept	
a) Complex disease	b) Cure one another	c) Suspend forme	er disease d) Repel the	e later disease
Q. 5. Rob millions of n	nen gradually of their life m	ore than fell on Nap	oleon's battlefields' is ref	erred to the
name of				
a) Allen	b) Brousseau	c) Galen	d) Kent	
Q. 6. "Blindness cured	by Small Pox" areObse	rvation		
a) Klein's	b)Dezoteux	c) Leroy's	d) J. J. Closs	5
Q. 7. Primary action is	a product of &	powers conjointly.		
a)Medicinal & vital	b)Medicinal , disease	c)Diseas	e, vital d) Counter	& Curative
Q.8. The sole curative	e power of consists in al	tering man's state o	f health.	
a) Disease	b) Medicine	c) Cause	d) All of th	e above
Q. 9. Medicines act	·			
a) Unconditionally	b) Irrationally	c)Conditionally	d) Unscient	ifically
Q. 10 Suspended anim	nation is a state where	_•		
a) There is no time for	the action of homoeopathic re	medy b	) There is danger to life	
c) Case is extremely ur	gent		d)All of the above	
Q. 11. The appearance	of NEW and troublesome sym	ptoms produced aft	er prescribed for case of d	lisease, which a
not appertaining to d	isease to be cured ,known as			
a) Medicinal aggravati	on	b	)Homoeopathic aggravatio	on
c) Disease aggravation		С	I) Alternating disease	
Q. 12The most approp	oriate regimen during employn	nent of medicine in (	CHRONIC DISEASES consist	
a) Passive exercise	b) Removal of obstacles to re	ecovery c) Medici	inal vegetables d) Sp	oirituous drinks
				•••
Q. 13. For CHRONIC DI	ISEASES , doses of correctly che	osen homoeopathic	medicine can be repeated	with new
Q. 13. For CHRONIC DI method of Dynamisat	•	osen homoeopathic	medicine can be repeated	with new

Q. 14. Animal magnetism , MESMERISM are in	which aphorism of 6th edition	
a) aph288.289 b) aph 278,279	•	d) aph 286,287
Q. 15.Aphorism 153 describes		
a) Common symptoms b) Concordances	c) Concomittant symptoms	d) Characteristic symptoms
Q. 16. North and South poles of magnet are de	escried in which aphorism - State the	e aphorism
a) 284 b) 285	c)286	d) 287
Q. 17.Removing the external symptoms without	-	
a) 200 b)201	c) 202	d) 203
Q. 18. Sure Signs of improvement are discussed		
a) 252 b) 253 <b>Q. 19. What is antitype ?</b>	c)254	d) 255
a) Antidote b)Antimiasmatic	c)Totality of symptom	d) Antipathy
Q. 20. Single and simple medicine is given St		uj Antipatny
a) 271 b) 272	c) 273	d) 274
-,,	0, 272	<i>vy</i> = <i>r</i> :
Q. 2. Write Short Answer Questions (any	4 out of 6)	(4x5=20)
A) Theoretic medicine	B) Complex diseases	
C) Antipathy	D) Aphorism 71	
E) Types of chronic diseases	F) Highlights of drug proving in I	Homoeopathy
Q. 3. Write Short Answer Questions (any	4 out of 6)	(4X5=20)
A) Homoeopathic specific Remedy	B) Indisposition	
C) Favorite medicine	D) Mongrel sects	
E) Law of simplex	F) Auxillary mode of treatr	ment
Q. 4. Write Long Answer Questions (any	2 out of 4)	(2x10=20)
A) Discuss importance of characteristic sym	ptoms with examples.	
B) Discuss Local disease and its manageme	ent.	
C) Discuss management of Intermittent dise	ease.	
D) Discuss Diet and Regimen in detail in Ac	ute and Chronic diseases	
Write Long Answer Questions (any 1 fror	n Q. No. 5, 6, 7)	(1x20=20)

5. Describe how medicines are stronger than disease producing agents for effecting cure.

# 6. Discuss Mental diseases in detail with its management

7. Discuss 3 types of aggravations.

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# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, Summer 2022

MARKS 100	Sub: Organon of Me	dicine & Hom.Philosophy	Paper II
lastrustisms. 1)   -			
Instructions: 1) Use	e <b>blue/black</b> ball point pen only 2) <b>Do not</b> write anything on the <b>blank (</b>	portion of the question	
	paper. If written anything, such type o		
	considered as an attempt to resort to u	infair means.	
	3) All questions are compulsory		
	<ul><li>4) The number to the right indicates ful</li><li>5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary</li></ul>		
			s within the stipulated frame. The question
	pattern is a mere guideline. Question	can be asked from any paper's syllabl	is into any question paper. Students cann
		it is only for the placement sake, the dis	
O.1. Multiple choice q	luestions		(20x1=2)
Q. 1Impure coition relat	tes to which Miasm ?		
a) psora	b)Sycosis	c) syphilis	d) Tubercular
Q. 2. The most hydra-hea	ded miasm is		
a) Psora	b) Sycosis	c) Syphilis	d) Tubercular
Q. 3. A chronic miasm has	;		
a) Period of Prodrome	b) Period of progress	c) No period of decline	d) All of the above
Q. 4. Which miasms are re	esponsible for 1/8 th of chronic	maladies ?	
a) syphilis & sycosis	b) psora & syphilis	c) psora & sycosis	<ul> <li>d) pseudo psora &amp; sycosis</li> </ul>
Q. 5. The very primitive w	rong of human race is primitiv	'e	
a) Disorder	b) Disease	c) Sickness	d) Dyscrasia
Q. 6. Stasis develops in ly	mphatics, swelling in groins is	A symptom of	
a)Psora	b)Sycosis	c) Suppresse	d Gonorrhoead) Syphilis
Q. 7.Psora is ' DEFICIENCY	, ' said by		
a)Hahnemann	b) Kent	c)Robert's	d)Allen
Q. 8 . Moist, greasy, gluy l	hair with offensive odour is in		
a) Psora	b)Sycosis	c)Syphilis	d) Tubercular
Q. 9. Gouty diathesis is	basis		
a) Psoric	b) Sycotic	c)Syphilitic	d) Tubercular
Q. 10. Emotional strain is	important factor in developme	nt of	
a) Psora	b) Sycosis	c)Syphilis	d) Tubercular
Q. 11. Grief, sorrow worry	are potent manifestations to	develop manifestations of m	iasm
a) Psora	b)Sycosis	c) Syphilis	d) Tubercular
Q. 12 The will and are	prior to man's action		
a)Memory	b)Comprehension	c)Judgement	d) Understanding
· ·		, .	d ,he does not react ,he does not
repair?			
a) Psoric	b)Syphilitic	c) Sycotic	d) Tubercular
	generals we can expect no cu		,
a) Kent	b) Boenninghausen	c)Roberts	d) Hahnemanan
•			acts, united by cement of a great
		Possa or protection of hard h	acto, annea by cement of a great
natural principle Said by			

O 16 The unit of human life can	not he the organ the tissu	e, the cell, the molecule, the atom	but the whole		
organism	iot be the organ, the tissu	e, the cell, the molecule, the atom	, but the whole		
a) Disease	b) Health	c)Whole man	d) Cell		
Q. 17. The especial organs are d	eveloped and their func	tions maintained by the express	ion of the vital energy as		
the					
a) Suppression	b)disease	c) life giving principle	d)Health		
		s one interpretation, one manifesta	-		
a) no action	b) action	c)motion	d)both b & c		
<b>Q. 19. Which is the class of Antide</b> a) Dynamical		) Mechanical	d) All of the above		
Q. 20. The Fundamental note or t	, ,		aj Ali of the above		
a) Characteristics symptoms	b) keynote symptoms	c) pathognomonic symptoms	d) NONE OF THE ABOVE		
	SI	ECTION "B"			
Q. 2. Write Short Answer Que	estions (any 4 out of 6)		(4x5=20)		
A) Psychological point of view		B) Vital energy in unive	ersal application		
C) Antagonism between Homo	eopathy and Allopathy	D) Discuss pathology i	n syphilitic miasm		
E) Types of chronic diseases		F) Features of Psora according to Dr. J. H. Allen			
Q. 3. Write Short Answer Que	estions (any 4 out of 6)		(4X5=20)		
A) Inductive Logic		B) Spiritual sickness – Psora b	y Dr. Kent		
C) Temperaments		D) Sycosis - OVERCONSTRUCTION			
E) Psora as Deficiency		F) Alteration of remedies by D	Dr. Caroll Dunham		
Q. 4. Write Long Answer Que	stions (any 2 out of 4)		(2x10=20)		
A) Explain Pseudo psora by Dr	. J. H. Allen.				
B) Discuss evolution of Sycotic	miasm by Dr. J. H.Allen				
C) Discuss mental symptoms o	f Syphilitic miasm accore	ding to Dr. Hahnemann			
D) Discuss important features of	of Sycotic miasm accord	ing to Dr., Hahnemann			
Write Long Answer Question	Write Long Answer Questions (any 1 from Q. No. 5, 6, 7) (1x20=20)				

5. Explain Simple Substance from Dr. Kent's philosophy

## 6. Explain Organon and Organon concluded from Richard Hughes

**7.** Discuss chronic miasm PSORA with respect to Cardinal features and features of Skin, G.I. T., Heart symptoms. What isTheory of Chronic disease, discuss it.

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# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION, Summer 2022

	YEAR: IV BHM		
MARKS 100	Sub: Case Takir	ng & Repertory	TIME 3Hrs.
<b>paper.</b> If written considered as an 3) <b>All</b> questions of 4)The number to 5) <b>Draw</b> diagram 6) Distribution oj pattern is a mer	anything on the <b>blank portion of the</b> a anything, such type of act will be attempt to resort to unfair means. are <b>compulsory</b> the <b>right</b> indicates <b>full</b> marks. as <b>wherever</b> necessary. If syllabus Question Paper is only me e guideline. Question can be asked in is out of syllabus. As it is only for t	ant to cover entire syllabus within from any paper's syllabus into a	the stipulated frame. The question Paper ny question paper. Students cannot claim n has been done. (20x1=20)
i) Grand Generalization	was first introduced by		
(a) Dr. Boenninghausen	•	(c) Dr. Kent	(d) Dr. Boericke
ii) Basic Symptom was us	()		
(a) Dr. Garth Boericke	•	(c) Dr. Stuart Clause	(d) Dr. J .T Kent
• •		.,	ed for the patient and bring
	nes, which are required,		-
(a) Characteristic sympto	oms (b) Co	ommon Symptoms	
(c) Particular Symptoms	d) Elir	minating Symptoms	
iv) Which Repertory come	es in the category of Puri	tan?	
(a) Synthesis	(b) Knerr	(c) Murphy	(d) Synthetic
<b>v)</b> The word Symptom has	originated from—		
(a) Latin	(b) German	(c) Greek	(d) French
vi) Conceptual image-repe	ertorial totality equals to	)	
(a) PDF	(b) EET	(c) PQRS	(d) ROR
vii) Catamnesis means			
	(b) PDF	(c) Follow up History	(d) Analysis
viii) Relationship of Reme	_		
(a) 140	(b) 484	(c) 125	(d) 142
ix) Pathological Generals		-	
(a) Kent	(b) BTPB	(c) BBCR	(d) Synthetic
<b>x)</b> Dr. Jawahar Shah deve	•		
(a) RADAR	(b) CARA	(c) Hompath	(d) Kenbo
xi) Rubric is a wor			
(a) Greek	(b) French	(c) Latin	(d) German
xii) The Word meaning o		(c) Applysic	(d) Dearrange
(a) Recalling	(b) Synthesis	(c) Analysis	(d) Rearrange
<b>xiii)</b> The Fragmenta De V (a) 25	(b) 27	(c) 30	(d) 32
(a) 25	(0) 27	(0) 30	(0) 52

xiv) Which Repertory comes in the category of Clinical?					
(a) The Prescriber	(b) Complete	(c) Murphy	(d) Synthesis		
<b>xv)</b> Who wrote," A well	taken case is half cured"				
(a) Dr. C. M. Boger	(b) Dr. H. A. Robert	(c) Elizabeth Wright	(d) Dr. Stuart Close		
xvi) "Thirst" Rubric is found in which chapter of Kent's Repertory					
(a) Mouth	(b) Larynx and Trach	ea (c) Stomach	(d) Generalities		
xvii)is mean to an end but never an end in itself.					
(a) Repertory	(b) Organon	(c) Materia Medica	(d) Philosophy		
xviii) Repertory based on Hering's Guiding Symptoms is					
(a) Lippe's Repertory	(b) Kent's Repertory	(c) Knerr's Repertory	(d) Clarke's Repertory		
xix) Kent's Repertory belong to the category of					
(a) General	(b) Puritan	(c) Regional	(d) Clinical		
<b>xx)</b> Dr. Roger Van Zandvoort is the author of which Repertory?					
(a) Synthesis	(b) Complete	(c) Repertorium Universa	alis (d) Thematic		

### Q.2 Write short answers (any four out of six)

- a) Write the meaning of Rubric Jealousy and Envy and explain 2 drugs for each
- b) Compare the Rubrics Affectionate and Affectation and explain 2 drugs for each.
- c) Write the meaning of Rubrics Entertainment and Amusement and describe 2 drugs for each.
- d) Concept of Totality according to Dr. Kent e) Need of a Repertory.
- f) Subjective and Objective Symptoms.

### Q.3 Write Short answers (any four out of six)

- a) Explain Boericke's Repertory
- b) Describe Borland's Pneumonia.
- c) Write down Salient Features of HOMPATH Software.
- d) Describe Synthesis Repertory.
- e) Methods and Techniques of Repertorization.
- f) What is Record Keeping? Write advantages of it.

### Q.4 Write Long Answers (any two out of four)

- a) Describe Knerr's Concordance Repertory.
- b) Explain Relationship between Repertory, HMM and Organon.
- c) Describe difficulties in chronic case taking.
- d) Explain Sharma's Card Repertory

### Q. Long Answer Question (any one from Q. No. 5, 6 and 7)

**Q. No. 5.** Explain in detail classification of Repertory with examples of each.

Q. No. 6. Compare Kent's Repertory with BTPB

**Q. No. 7.** Explain Philosophical Background, Plan and Construction, Advantages and Disadvantages of BBCR.

(4x5=20)

(4x5=20)

(2x10=20)

(1x20=20)

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MARKS 100	Sub: Homoeopathic	: Materia Medica Paper I	TIME 3Hrs.
2) D pap con: 3) A 4)TH 5) D 6) D patt that	tern is a mere guideline. Question t the Question is out of syllabus. As	f act will be Infair means. I marks. per is only meant to cover entire syllab	
Q. NO.1. Multiple choice	-		(20x1=20)
		have what he wants is cha	
a) Aethusa	b) Cina	c) Baryta carb.	d) Chammomilla
	-	after iridectomy is seen ir	
a) Apies	b) Euphrasia	c) Ledam pal	d) Ruta G.
3) The "chaste tree" is co			
a) Agnus cactus	b) Caladium	c) Staphysagria	d) Conium
4) Teeth begins to decay			
a) Baryta carb	b) Calc.carb.	c) Phosphorus	d) Kreosote
5) Headache in anaemic			
a) Aconite	b) Belladona	c) Natrum mur.	d) Argentum nit.
		artly expelled recede bac	-
a) Nux vomica	b) Alumina	c) Nat.mur. the moved is marked feat	d) Silicea
	b) Cactus	f he moved is marked feat c) Gelsimium	d) Calc.ars.
<ul><li>a) Digitalis</li><li>8) Ambra Grisea belongs</li></ul>	,		uj Calcials.
	b) Animal	c) Nosode	d) Vegetable
9) Abdominal colic from	•		
a) Nux vomica	b) Allium cepa	c) Colocynth	d) Dioscorea
	, ,	s turned downwards is ch	,
a) Cina	b) Nux. vomica	c) Chammomilla	
11) Heriditary tendency f	,	,	
a) Syphylinum	b) Carbo veg.	c) Lachesis	d) Opium
12) Fear of rains is charac	, .	-,	- / - I
a) Belladonna	b) Naja	c) Stramonium	d) Opium
		found characteristically i	· ·
a) Thuja	b) Calc. carb.	c) Silicea	d) Antim crud
14) The urine has the odd		•	
, a) Benzoic acid	b) Cantharis	c) Terbinthina	d) Berberis
-	-	-	-

15) Smell painfully acute	nausea & fainting from ode	our of cooking food	
a) Nux. vomica	b) Colchicum	c)Tabacum	d) Carbo veg.
16) Patient thinks that sh	e is pregnant & will be soo	n delivered is marked i	n
a) Platina	b) Veratrum alb.	c) Cyclonum	d) Secole cor.
17) Most of the complain	ts are aggravated at 4 - 8	pm in	
a) Sulphur	b) Pulsatilla	c) Ars.alb.	d) Lycopodium
	fensive with odour of gree	n corn, stiffens like star	
a) Kreosotum	b) Platina	c) Amino carb.	
	ic makes her sad, must use	•	<i>,</i> ,
a) Argentum Nit.	b) Pulsatila	c) Aconite	d) Natrun sulph.
, 0	e pallor worse opening eye	•	, ,
a) Theridion	b) Tabacum	c) Conium	d) Agaricus
		ey coman	u), , Barroas
Q 2 Write short answer (	any 4out of 6 )		(4x5=20)
a)Types of Hom. Mat			(473-20)
	odalities of Colocynth		
-,			
<ul><li>c) Physicals genera</li></ul>	ls of Aconite Nap.		
d) Guiding indicatio	ns of Calc. carb.		
e) Mental symptom	is of Thuja occi.		
f) Biochemic indicat	tions of Ferrum phos.		
Q 3 Write short answer (	any 4out of 6)		(4x5=20)
a) Physical generals	of Nux. Moschata		
b) Indications of Pet			
c) Mental symptom			
d) Ailments & Moda	alities of Staphysagria		
e) Guiding symptom	•	L-	
	ns of Phosphorus binthina in urinary complain	ts	
f) Indications of Ter	binthina in urinary complain	ts	(2x10=20)
f) Indications of Ter Q 4 Long answer questio	binthina in urinary complaint	ts	(2x10=20)
<ul> <li>f) Indications of Ter</li> <li>Q 4 Long answer questio         <ul> <li>a) Symphytum &amp; R</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	binthina in urinary complaint <b>n ( any 2 out of 4)</b> uta G in injury		(2x10=20)
<ul> <li>f) Indications of Ter</li> <li>Q 4 Long answer questio         <ul> <li>a) Symphytum &amp; R</li> <li>b) Antimonium tart</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	binthina in urinary complaint		(2x10=20)

# Long answer questions (any one from 5,6 or 7))

**Q 5** Define Homoeopathic Materia Medica & Discuss scope & limitations of Hom. Materia Medica.

(1x20=20)

**Q 6** Describe the drug picture of Argentum nitricum in detail.

**Q 7** Describe General characteristics of Spider group & beside the features of Tarentula

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MARKS 100	Sub: Homoeopathic	Materia Medica Paper II	TIME 3Hrs.
Instructions: 1) (		act will be ifair means. marks. er is only meant to cover entire syllo can be asked from any paper's syllo	bus within the stipulated frame. The question abus into any question paper. Students cann distribution has been done.
2.1Multiple Choice	Questions:		(1x20=20)
-	e is pregnant when merely d	istended with flatus	· · ·
a) sabina	b) sabadilla	c) trillium pendulum	d) all of above
2) Nocturnal emi	ssions stained with blood		
a) psorinum	b) medorrhinum	c) Merc.sol.	d) Mag.mur.
3 ) Fear that he w	ill fail in business		
a) medorrhinum	b) psorinum	c) Hyoscyamus	d) arsenic
4) Time passes to	oo quickly		
a) arg- nit	b) cocc. ind	c) nux- m	d) can- ind
5) Homesickness	with red checks & sleeplessr	ness	
a) Gelsemium	b) Capsicum	c) Spigelia	d) Bryonia
6) Headache in p	lace of menses		
a) Glonine	b) spigelia	c) nat- mur	d) sanguinaria
7) Headache by r	noise of running water		
a) Melilotus	b) Sanicula	c) Sanguinaria	d) lyssin
8 ) Burning tongu	e must protrude it to keep it	cool	
a) Sanguinaria	b) Merc.sol.	c) sanicula	d) Lac.can.
9) Pus like taste i	n mouth		
a) Medorrhinun	n b) Tuberculinum	c) syphilinum	d) pyrogen
10 ) Toothache fr	om tobacco smoking		
a) spigelia	b) mag phos	c) merc	d) kreos
	t even dreams she is drinking	g	
a) Medorrhinun	,	c) podophyllum	d) sanicula
-	raction and retraction of ton	-	
a) sanicula	b) Lac can	c) cup- met	d) both b and c
	kin hanging loosely in throat		
a) nit –ac	b) Medorrhinum	c) sabadilla	d) non of above

14 Hungry in middle of n	ight				
a) cocc	b) Abrotanum		c) zincum met.	d) psorinu	m
15 Vomiting of faecal ma	-				
a) plumbum			c) phos	d) non of a	above
16) Mentally Sanicula chi	ld is				
a) Dull	b) Mild		c) Irritable	d) None	
17) Syphillinum patients	has craving for				
a) Alcohol	b) Milk		c) Eggs	d) All of al	oove
18) The common name o	f Lobelia is				
a) Indian tobacco	b) Poppy		c) Bhang	d) Spigelia	1
19) Increased ability to ex	kercise is charad	cteristic	of		
a) Cuprum met .	b) Sulphur		c) Lachesis	d) Fluoric	acid
20)" Eupatorium perfo" b	elongs to famil	У			
a) Compositae	b) Cucurbitac	eae	c) Ericaceae	d) Solance	eae
Q.2 Write short answers	(any four out o	of six)			(4x5=20)
a) Marasmum of iodum		b) Mer	ntals of carcinocin		
c) Eye complaint of physo	ostigma	d) Hea	dache of Glonine		
e) Sabina lady		f) Skin	of psorinum		
Q.3 Write Short answers (a	any four out of	six)			(4x5=20)
a) Guiding symptoms of m	-	-	aparilla in urine con	nplaints	(
			ale complaints of cy	-	
e) GIT complaints of plum	bum met	-	e complaints of zind		
Q.4 Long answer question	(Any-2)				(2x10=20)
a) Compare and contrast		nium an	d china		(2710-20)
b) Compare and contrast	., .				
c) Compare and contrast I	•		<b>o</b> .	lia	
d) Compare and contrast		•		-	
, ,	·				
Long Answer Question (Any	one from Q5,	Q6, Q7)			(1x20=20)
Q5 Drug picture of capsicum	1.				
<b>Q6</b> Define Nosodes? Describ	e Tuberculinun	n in deta	ails.		

Q7 Define HMM? And explain its scope and limitations.